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STATE OF ARIZONA

DEPT OF INSURANCE

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCEBY

In the Matter of:

SCHULZE, JENNIFER LYNN, (National Producer No. 14428719) (Legacy AZ License Number 947425)

Respondent.

No. 16A-166-INS

ORDER DENYING REQUEST FOR REHEARING

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. On May 31, 2017, the Department of Insurance ("Department") mailed, by regular first class mail and by certified mail, a Notice of Hearing In the Matter of Schulze, Jennifer Lynn, Docket No. 16A-166-INS ("Docket No. 16A-166-INS") setting a hearing for July 18, 2017 (Exhibit A).
- 2. On July 18, 2017, upon Respondent's motion, the Administrative Law Judge ("ALJ") continued the hearing to August 24, 2017.
- 3. On July 21, 2017, upon the Department's Motion, the ALJ continued the hearing a second time to September 11, 2017.
- 4. On September 8, 2017, Respondent filed another motion to continue the hearing which the ALJ denied.
- 5. On September 11, 2017, the Office of Administrative Hearings ("OAH") conducted a hearing in Docket No. 16A-166-INS. Neither Respondent or her attorney appeared for the hearing.
- 6. On or about September 14, 2017, the ALJ issued an Administrative Law Judge Decision ("ALJ's Decision"), received by the Director on that same date. (Exhibit B.)
- 7. On September 18, 2017, the Interim Director filed an Order adopting the ALJ's Decision and revoking Respondent's resident insurance producer license. (Exhibit C without ALJ's Decision attached.)

- 8. On October 16, 2017, Respondent timely filed a request with the Department for a rehearing pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes ("A.R.S.") § 41-1092.09.
- 9. On October 23, 2017, Respondent filed a supplement to the request for rehearing filed on October 16, 2017. Respondent timely filed the supplement within the appeal timeframe. (Exhibit D.)
- 10. On November 7, 2017, the Department filed its Response to Request for Rehearing. (Exhibit E.)

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. Respondent timely filed her Motion for Rehearing. A.A.C. R20-6-114(A).
- 2. The Department timely filed its Response to Motion for Rehearing. A.A.C. R20-6-115.
 - 3. Notice to Respondent was proper.
- 4. A.A.C. R20-6-114(B) authorizes the Interim Director to grant a rehearing or review only if Respondent establishes one or more of the following grounds which have materially affected Respondent's rights:
 - 1. Irregularity in the hearing proceedings, or any order or abuse of discretion whereby the party seeking rehearing or review was deprived of a fair hearing;
 - 2. Misconduct by the Director, the hearing officer or any party to the hearing;
 - 3. Accident or surprise which could not have been prevented by ordinary prudence;
 - Newly discovered material evidence which could not have been discovered with reasonable diligence and produced at the hearing;
 - 5. Excessive or insufficient sanctions or penalties imposed;
 - 6. Error in the admission or rejection of evidence, or errors of law occurring at the hearing or during the course of the hearing;
 - 7. Bias or prejudice of the Director or hearing officer;

- 8. That the order, decision, or findings of fact are not justified by the evidence or are contrary to law.
- 5. When a request for rehearing is based upon affidavits, they shall be attached to and filed with the request unless leave for later filing of affidavits is granted by the Director or hearing officer. R20-6-114(E).
- The Interim Director has reviewed Respondent's Motion for Rehearing
 (including Respondent's Affidavit) and the Department's Response to Motion for Rehearing.
- 7. The Interim Director has considered the Department's request to strike Respondent's Affidavit from the record but declines to strike Respondent's Affidavit which Respondent filed in support of her Request for Rehearing.
- 8. The Interim Director finds that Respondent's Affidavit fails to address any grounds required by R20-6-114(B).
- 9. The Interim Director finds that Respondent's Request for Rehearing has failed to establish a ground upon which to grant a rehearing or review pursuant to A.A.C. R20-6-114.

<u>ORDER</u>

IT IS ORDERED:

 Resp 	ondent's request to	r rehearing is	denied.	
DATED this	9 m	day of _	November	, 2017.

Leslie R. Hess, Interim Director Arizona Department of Insurance

COPY with exhibits of the foregoing delivered electronically this <u>13 the</u> day of <u>November</u>, 2017, to:

Administrative Law Judge Dorinda Lang Office of Administrative Hearings

1	COPY with exhibits mailed same date by Regular Mail and Certified Mail, Return Receipt Requested, to:			
2				
3	Patrick J. Geare, Esq. 4731 East Scarlett Street			
4	Tucson, Arizona 85711 Attorney for Respondent			
5	COPY of the foregoing delivered same date (without exhibits) to:			
6	Mary Kosinski, Regulatory Legal Affairs Officer			
7	Steven Fromholtz, Assistant Director Wendy Greenwood, Investigator Arizona Department of Insurance 2910 North 44th Street, Suite 210			
8				
9	Phoenix, Arizona 85018			
10	COPY sent same date via electronic mail (without exhibits) to:			
11	Liane Kido			
12	Consumer@azag.gov			
13	Attorney for the Department of Insurance			
14				
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Exhibit A Docket No. 16A-166-INS

STATE OF ARIZONA

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE

In the Matter of:

SCHULZE, JENNIFER LYNN, (National Producer 14428719) (Legacy AZ License Number 947425) Docket No. 16A-166-INS

NOTICE OF HEARING

(ALJ Dorinda Lang)

Respondent.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the above-captioned matter will be heard before the Interim Director of Insurance of the State of Arizona (the "Interim Director") or a duly designated representative on <u>July 18, 2017 at 1:00 p.m.</u>, at the Office of Administrative Hearings, 1400 West Washington, Suite 101, Phoenix, Arizona 85007¹.

If you wish to continue this hearing to another date, you must file a motion in writing with the Office of Administrative Hearings not less than 15 days before the scheduled hearing date. Please send it to the attention of the Administrative Law Judge ("ALJ") and include the docket number listed above. You must also mail or hand-deliver a copy of any motion to continue to the Department of Insurance on the same date you file it with the Office of Administrative Hearings.

You are not required to have an attorney represent you. However, if you are represented, your attorney must be licensed to practice law in the State of Arizona. An insurance company may be represented by a corporate officer. A.R.S. § 20-161(B).

¹ As authorized under Arizona Revised Statutes ("A.R.S.") §§ 20-161 through and including 20-165 and Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 10 (A.R.S. § 41-1092 et seq.).

You are entitled to be present during the giving of all evidence and you will have a reasonable opportunity to inspect all documentary evidence, examine witnesses, present evidence that supports your case and to request that the ALJ issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and production of evidence. A.R.S. § 20-164(B).

A clear and accurate record of the proceedings will be made either by a court reporter or by electronic means. A.R.S. § 41-1092.07(E). If you want a copy of an electronic recording, you must contact the Office of Administrative Hearings at (602) 542-9826. If the hearing was transcribed by a court reporter and you want a copy of the transcript, you must pay the cost of the transcript to the court reporter or other transcriber.

Questions concerning issues raised in this Notice of Hearing should be directed to Assistant Attorney General Liane Kido, telephone number (602) 542-8011, 1275 West Washington Street, Phoenix, Arizona 85007-2926, Liane.Kido@azag.gov.

NOTICE OF APPLICABLE RULES

On January 23, 1992, we adopted the rules of practice and procedure applicable in contested cases before the Interim Director of Insurance. The hearing will be conducted pursuant to these rules. A.A.C. R20-6-101 through R20-6-115.

YOU MUST FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE (ANSWER) TO THE ALLEGATIONS IN THIS NOTICE WITH US WITHIN 20 DAYS AFTER WE ISSUE THIS NOTICE. A.A.C. R20-6-106. YOUR RESPONSE SHOULD STATE YOUR POSITION OR DEFENSE AND SHOULD SPECIFICALLY ADMIT OR DENY EACH ASSERTION IN THE NOTICE. IF YOU DO NOT SPECIFICALLY DENY AN ASSERTION, WE WILL CONSIDER IT ADMITTED. ANY DEFENSE YOU DO NOT RAISE WILL BE CONSIDERED WAIVED.

IF YOU DO NOT FILE YOUR RESPONSE ON TIME, WE WILL CONSIDER YOU IN DEFAULT AND THE DIRECTOR MAY DEEM THE ALLEGATIONS IN THE NOTICE AS

 TRUE. ACCORDINGLY, WE WILL TAKE WHATEVER ACTION IS APPROPRIATE INCLUDING SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, IMPOSITION OF A CIVIL PENALTY AND ORDERING RESTITUTION TO ANY INJURED PERSON.

PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES MAY REQUEST REASONABLE

ACCOMMODATIONS SUCH AS INTERPRETERS, ALTERNATIVE FORMATS, OR

ASSISTANCE WITH PHYSICAL ACCESSIBILITY. REQUESTS FOR ACCOMMODATIONS

SHOULD BE MADE AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE TO ALLOW TIME TO ARRANGE THE

ACCOMMODATIONS. IF YOU REQUIRE ACCOMMODATIONS, PLEASE CONTACT THE

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AT (602) 542-9826.

The allegations supporting this Notice of Hearing are as follows:

- 1. Jennifer Lynn Schulze ("Schulze" or "Respondent") is and was, at all times material, licensed as an Arizona resident insurance producer with lines of authority in life, property, casualty, and accident/health or sickness, National Producer Number 14428719, which expires on July 31, 2017.
- Respondent's address of record with the Department is: 21118 N. 37th Run,
 Phoenix, Arizona 85050-8391 (business and mailing). Respondent's business e-mail address is: schulj31@gmail.com.
- From July 2009 to January 2015, the DelBrocco Agency, which offered
 Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company ("Nationwide") products, employed Schulze.
- 4. On January 3, 2014, Respondent emailed her commercial customer,
 Watermasters Inc. ("Watermasters"), and advised as follows: "[U]nderwriter needs the loss
 statements (loss runs for last 3 years) from your current carrier before she will let me submit
 the general liability." There is no evidence confirming whether Watermasters provided the

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requested loss statements, nor are there any subsequent emails from Respondent to Watermasters again requesting the loss statements.

- 5. On January 21, 2014, Respondent issued to Watermasters a "Certificate of Liability Insurance" ("COI") wherein she indicated that Watermasters possessed a commercial general liability and umbrella policy, no. ACP 3006475750, from Nationwide Insurance ("Nationwide"), effective for one (1) year from January 3, 2014. Respondent identified Watermasters as both the Insured and the Certificate Holder on the COI. Respondent emailed the COI to Watermasters on January 21, 2014 and again on January 22, 2014. Nationwide had not issued either a commercial general liability policy or umbrella policy to Watermasters.
- 6. On January 22, 2014, Respondent issued to Watermasters a COI wherein she indicated that Watermasters possessed a commercial general liability and umbrella policy, no. ACP 3006475750, effective for one (1) year from January 3, 2014. Respondent identified Watermasters as the Insured and Andale Contruction as the Certificate Holder. Respondent emailed the COI to Watermasters on January 22, 2014. Nationwide had not issued either a commercial general liability policy or umbrella policy to Watermasters.
- 7. On February 20, 2014, Respondent issued to Watermasters two (2) COIs wherein she indicated that Watermasters possessed a commercial general liability and umbrella policy, no. ACP 3006475750, effective for one (1) year from January 3, 2014. Respondent identified Watermasters as the Insured and City Properties and Quick Trip Facility Support as the Certificate Holders respectively. Respondent emailed the COI to Watermasters on February 20, 2014. Nationwide had not issued either a commercial general liability policy or umbrella policy to Watermasters.
- 8. On March 13, 2014, Respondent issued to Watermasters a COI wherein she indicated that Watermasters possessed a commercial general liability and umbrella policy, no.

ACP 3006475750, effective for one (1) year from January 3, 2014. Respondent identified Watermasters as the Insured and City of Phoenix as the Certificate Holder. Respondent emailed the COI to Watermasters on March 13, 2014. Nationwide had not issued either a commercial general liability policy or umbrella policy to Watermasters.

- 9. On October 1, 2014, Respondent prepared a COI wherein she indicated that Watermasters possessed a commercial general liability and umbrella policy, no. ACP 3006475750, effective for one (1) year from January 3, 2014. Respondent identified Watermasters as the Insured and the Empire Southwest LLC as the Certificate Holder. Nationwide had not issued either a commercial general liability policy or umbrella policy to Watermasters.
- 10. On November 26, 2014, Respondent prepared a COI wherein she indicated that Watermasters possessed a commercial general liability and umbrella policy, no. ACP 3006475750, effective for one (1) year from January 3, 2014. Respondent identified Watermasters as the Insured and the City of Scottsdale as the Certificate Holder. Nationwide had not issued either a commercial general liability policy or umbrella policy to Watermasters.
- 11. On December 9, 2014, Respondent prepared a COI wherein she indicated that Watermasters possessed a commercial general liability and umbrella policy, no. ACP 3016475750, effective for one (1) year from January 3, 2015. Respondent identified Watermasters as the Insured and Verde Building Corporation as the Certificate Holder. Nationwide had not issued either a commercial general liability policy or umbrella policy to Watermasters.
- 12. After Respondent's departure from the DelBrocco Agency, the agency found a Commercial General Liability Declarations ("Dec") page for Watermasters on Respondent's computer and provided it to Nationwide. Research conducted by Nationwide determined that

the Dec page, reflecting policy no. 3006475750, had been altered from the Dec page of another commercial customer, G & S Electric Inc.

- 13. Nationwide states that Watermasters did not pay premium for either a commercial general liability policy or an umbrella policy during the timeframe in question, nor were any claims submitted against Watermasters.
- 14. Respondent moved on or about January 1, 2016 and failed to notify the Department of her new business, mailing and residential addresses within the statutorily mandated thirty days.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The Interim Director has jurisdiction over this matter.
- 2. Respondent's conduct, as described above, constitutes violating any provision of Title 20, within the meaning of A.R.S. § 20-295(A)(2).
- 3. Respondent's conduct, as described above, constitutes intentionally misrepresenting the terms of an actual or proposed insurance contract or application of insurance, within the meaning of A.R.S. § 20-295(A)(5).
- 4. Respondent's conduct, as described above, constitutes using fraudulent or dishonest practices or demonstrating untrustworthiness in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere, within the meaning of A.R.S. § 20-295(A)(8).
- 5. Respondent's conduct, as described above, constitutes a failure to inform the Interim Director in writing within thirty days of a change in residential address within the meaning of A.R.S. § 20-286(C)(1).
- 6. Grounds exist for the Interim Director to deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew Petitioner's insurance license, impose a civil penalty and/or order restitution pursuant to A.R.S. §§ 20-295(A) and (F).

WHEREFORE, if after hearing, the Interim Director finds the grounds alleged above, the Interim Director may deny, suspend, or revoke Petitioner's insurance producer's license and impose a civil penalty. A.R.S. §§ 20-295(A) and (F).

The Interim Director delegates the authority vested in her to the Director of the Office of Administrative Hearings or his designee to preside over the hearing of this matter as the Administrative Law Judge, to make written recommendations to the Interim Director consisting of proposed findings of fact, proposed conclusions of law, and a proposed order. This delegation does not include delegation of the authority of the Interim Director to make an order on the hearing or any other final decision in this matter. A.R.S. § 20-150.

Pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1092.01, your hearing will be conducted through the Office of Administrative Hearings, an independent agency. Further hearing information may be found at the Office of Administrative Hearings website: www.azoah.com.

DATED this 31^{st} day of may, 2017.

Mary Kosinski, Regulatory Legal Affairs Officer Arizona Department of Insurance

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ALJ Dorinda Lang
Office of Administrative Hearings

COPY of the foregoing delivered same date to:

E-FILE of the foregoing delivered electronically

this 3/4 day of May, 2017, to:

COPY of the foregoing delivered same date to:

Mary Kosinski, Regulatory Legal Affairs Officer

Steven Fromholtz, Assistant Director for Consumer Protection

Wendy Greenwood, Investigator

Arizona Department of Insurance

2910 North 44th Street, Suite 210

Phoenix, Arizona 85018

1	
2	COPY mailed same date by Regular Mail and Certified Mail, Return Receipt Requested, to:
3	Jennifer Lynn Schulze 1722 E. Samuel Drive
4	Phoenix, AZ 85024-4364 Respondent
5	
6	Jennifer Lynn Schulze 21118 N. 37 th Run
7	Phoenix, AZ 85050 Respondent
8	COPY sent same date via electronic mail to:
9	Liane Kido
10	Assistant Attorney General Consumer@azag.gov
11	Attorney for the Department of Insurance
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Exhibit B Docket No. 16A-166-INS

SEP 1 4 2017

DEPT. OF INSURANCE

IN THE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

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In the Matter of:

SCHULZE, JENNIFER LYNN (National Producer Number 14428719) (Legacy AZ License Number 947425)

Respondent.

No. 16A-166-INS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE **DECISION**

HEARING: September 11, 2017

APPEARANCES: Liane C. Kido. Attorney for the Department of Insurance: Wendy Greenwood, Department witness; Susan Hack and Craig McGuire, observers **ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE:** Dorinda M. Lang

Having heard the evidence and testimony in this matter, the undersigned Administrative Law Judge hereby recommends that Respondent's licenses be revoked based on violations of A.R.S. § 20-295(A)(5) and (8).

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. Respondent, Jennifer Lynn Schulze, is licensed with the Arizona Department of Insurance as a casualty producer, accident/health producer, life producer, and property producer.
- 2. During an investigation into her activities, evidence was revealed that Respondent falsified an insurance policy for a potential client whose application for insurance had not yet been underwritten and approved. 1 She also made several false copies of Certificates of Liability Insurance for the client for various Certificate Holders.² Respondent admitted to the violations to an investigator.³ She indicated to the investigator that the situation arose when the potential client was in a crisis and needed proof of insurance quickly. In an effort to help them,

Exhibits 13 and 14.

² Exhibits 5 through 12.

³ Exhibit 15.

- Respondent falsified a policy but the client's application was not approved and she failed to inform the client that its application was denied.
- 3. Respondent also moved to a new home in or around December 2015 and did not report it to the Department, which she also acknowledged to the investigator.⁴
- 4. Respondent's attorney made an untimely request for a continuance that was not supported by good cause and did not offer any basis for finding that it should be considered timely. Although notified by email the same day that he filed it that the motion was denied, neither Respondent nor her attorney appeared at the hearing.
- 5. Respondent's attorney contacted the Arizona Office of Administrative Hearings after the hearing was over to state that he had not opened his email until 3:00 p.m. that day and was not aware that his request for a continuance had been denied the previous Friday. He moved for a reconsideration of his request for continuance, but it was denied because nothing in Respondent's attorney's actions indicated that he had any reasonable basis for making the motion or for failing to appear at the hearing.
- 6. Based on the violations that Respondent admitted to, the Department proposed that Respondent's licenses be revoked.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- This hearing was conducted in accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes
 ("A.R.S.") § 41-1092.01 et seq. Complainant has the burden of proof and the
 standard of proof on all issues is by a preponderance of the evidence. See
 Arizona Administrative Code ("A.A.C.") R2-19-119.
- Pursuant to A.R.S. § 20-295(A)(5), the Department Director may deny, revoke, suspend or refuse to renew a license for intentionally misrepresenting the terms of an insurance policy. By issuing documentation indicating that her client was covered by an insurance policy that did not exist, Respondent violated this portion of the statute.

⁴ Exhibits 15 through 17.

3. A.R.S. § 20-295(A)(8) provides that demonstrating untrustworthiness in the conduct of business is also grounds for license discipline. By allowing anyone to believe that an insurance policy had been accepted on her clients' behalf, Respondent violated this portion of the statute.

- 4. A.R.S. § 20-295(A)(2) provides for disciplinary action for violating any provision of that statutory title. To that effect, A.R.S. § 20-286(C)(1) provides that all licensees must inform the Director of any change in their residential, business, or e-mail address within 30 days. Respondent failed to do this as well, though this violation is not nearly as serious as the others.
- 5. Respondent admitted to the above violations to the Department investigator. Although she may have been pressured to falsify the insurance policy by feelings of compassion, licensees are called upon to rise above such temptations and understand that violating the Arizona licensing statutes results in more harm to the public than any good such a desperate act could do. In this respect, even though Respondent's violations may seem understandable given the circumstances, they show that Respondent's talents, while most likely well suited for something nice, are not appropriate for insurance sales in Arizona.

Therefore, it must be recommended that Respondent's licenses be revoked.

RECOMMENDED DECISION

Based on the foregoing considerations, the undersigned Administrative Law Judge hereby recommends that Respondent's Arizona licenses (National Producer Number 14428719 and Legacy AZ License Number 947425) be revoked.

Done this day, September 14, 2017.

/s/ Dorinda M. Lang
Administrative Law Judge

Transmitted electronically to:

Leslie R. Hess, Interim Director Arizona Department of Insurance

Exhibit C Docket No. 16A-166-INS

STATE OF ARIZONA FILED

STATE OF ARIZONA

SEP 18 2017

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE
BY

In the Matter of:

SCHULZE, JENNIFER LYNN (National Producer No. 14428719) (Legacy AZ License No. 947425)

No. 16A-166-INS

ORDER

Respondent.

On September 14, 2017, the Office of Administrative Hearings, through Administrative Law Judge Decision ("Recommended Decision"), received by the Director of the Department of Insurance ("Director") on September 14, 2017, a copy of which is attached and incorporated by this reference. The Interim Director of the Department of Insurance has reviewed the Recommended Decision and enters the following Order:

- The Interim Director adopts the Recommended Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law.
- The Interim Director revokes the Arizona resident insurance producer license,
 National Producer No. 14428719, of Jennifer Lynn Schulze effective
 immediately.

NOTIFICATION OF RIGHTS

Pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes ("A.R.S.") § 41-1092.09, Respondent may request a rehearing with respect to this order by filing a written motion with the Interim Director of the Department of Insurance within 30 days of the date of this Order, setting forth the basis for relief under A.A.C. R20-6-114(B). Pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1092.09, it is not necessary to request a rehearing before filing an appeal to Superior Court.

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1	Respondent may appeal the final decision of the Interim Director to the Superior			
2	Court of Maricopa County for judicial review pursuant to A.R.S. § 20-166. A party filing an			
3	appeal must notify the Office of Administrative Hearings of the appeal within ten days after			
4	filing the complaint commencing the appeal, pursuant to A.R.S. § 12-904(B).			
5	DATED this 14 hay of Deptember, 2017.			
6				
7	Leslie R. Hess, Interim Director			
8	Arizona Department of Insurance			
9	COPY of the foregoing mailed this			
10	18 day of September 2017, to:			
11	Patrick J. Geare, Esq. The Law Office of Patrick J. Geare			
12	1883 West Grubstake Drive			
13	Tucson, AZ 85746 Attorney for Respondent			
14	Mary Kosinski, Regulatory Legal Affairs Officer			
15	Catherine O'Neil, Consumer Legal Affairs Officer Steven Fromholtz, Assistant Director – Consumer Protection Division			
16	Wendy Greenwood, Investigator Sharyn Kerr, Consumer Protection Divsion			
17	Arizona Department of Insurance 2910 North 44th Street, Suite 210 Phoenix, Arizona 85018			
18				
19	Liane Kido Assistant Attorney General			
20	1275 West Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85007-2926			
21	Office of Administrative Hearings 1400 West Washington, Suite 101			
22	Phoenix, Arizona 85007			
23	Maidene Schemin			
24	Maidene Scheiner			
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Exhibit D

Docket No. 16A-166-INS

STATE OF ARIZONA FILED

OCT 16'2017

Patrick J. Geare, Esq. 4731 East Scarlett Street Tucson, AZ 85711 Attorney for Respondent (520) 444-0235 AZ Bar # 015748

patgeare@cox.net

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DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE BY______

> STATE OF ARIZONA FILED

> > OCT 23 2017

STATE OF ARIZONA

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE

In the Matter of:)	CASE NO. – 16A-166-INS
))	MOTION
JENNIFER L. SCHULZE,)	REQUEST FOR REHEARING WITH THE INTERIM DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE
Respondent,)	

The Respondent, Jennifer Lynn Schulze, through the undersigned attorney, Patrick J. Geare, hereby requests a Rehearing with the Interim Director of the Department of Insurance, as provided in the Order, signed by Leslie R. Hess, Interim Director, on September 14, 2017, and filed with the Department of Insurance on September 18, 2017, and pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes ("A.R.S.") § 41-1092.09. The Respondent's Attorney, Patrick J. Geare, has previously filed a Notice of Appearance with the Office of Administrative Hearings ("OAH") for the State of Arizona and asks that the Department of Insurance accept that Notice of Appearance for this matter.

I hereby certify and avow that the Statements of Facts listed below are true to the absolute best of my knowledge at this time. I will outline the unusual fact scenario that occurred from September 7, 2017 through to the present time in the Factual Statement in Support of the Motion for Request for Rehearing with the Interim Director of Insurance, and will then apply the facts to the Arizona Administrative Code, which will provide the requisite basis for relief under A.A.C. R20-6-114(B) for this Motion to be granted.

Factual Statement in Support of the Motion for Request for Rehearing:

I realized on Thursday, September 7, 2017, that I had failed to calendar an initial hearing in front of the Office of Administrative Hearings in this Matter that was scheduled for the following Monday, September 11, 2017. I immediately emailed the Assistant Attorney General who was assigned this case, Ms. Liane Kido, and stated I needed to file a Motion to Continue the Hearin scheduled for September 11,, 2017, a Monday.

I explained in my email to Ms. Kido that I had not yet interviewed the sole witness for the Department of Insurance, Ms. Wendy Greenwood, the Investigator in this Matter and an employee of the Arizona Department of Insurance. Ms. Kido wrote an email to me stating that the State of Arizona Attorney General's Office did not oppose a Motion to Continue for a period not to exceed 30 days.

13:

It is absolutely unfair and an abuse of discretion for the sole witness, a state employee who is the investigator in this case, to be able to testify without the Respondent being able to have her attorney interview the witness and ask questions to determine the width and breadtj of her investigation, as well as to bring to Ms. Greenwood's attention other individuals who are potential witnesses. The fact is Ms. Jennifer Lynn Schulze had been transferred from her position with the DelBrocco Insurance Agency to another company owned by John DelBrocco. I have a letter in my possession which I was going to present to Ms Greenwood that clearly states that Ms. Schulze had been ordered to not conduct any work at the insurance agency. Ms. Schulze was not working at the Delbrocco Nationwide Agency at any time during which the alleged behavior occurred, and therefore could not have been guilty of the allegations.

I was admitted as a Member of the State Bar of Arizona on December 20, 1994. Never, in any case during the entire span of my legal career, dating from December 20, 1994 until September 11, 2017, had a Judge, whether a Superior Court Judge, an Administrative Law Judge with the Industrial Commission of Arizona, nor any of the multitudes of City Municipal Court Judges nor a single County Justice Court Judge ever Denied a Motion to Continue that I had filed in any case in 22 years. The concept, as I understand the legal system, is that the lawyers, so long as they are reasonable, determine the scope and issues of matters presented in litigation, and also unless there is clear evidence of unwarranted delays, also determine the pace of the litigation.

I understand the need for an efficient and effective Administrative Judicial Process for issues that are better handled outside of State Courts, but I do not believe that the concept of fairness or due process should be reduced because of the alternative form of dispute resolution, in this case, a statutorily created system by the Arizona Legislature and Governor.

Judge Lang denied my unopposed Motion to Continue, on Friday, September 8, 2017. The Hearing was held and I did not become informed of this fact until after the Hearing had been held.

I suffer from depression and have very bad memories of September 11, 2017 which will forever negatively impact my life around that time. I had left to go camping with my dog on Friday September 8^{th} and di not return to my home until 3 in the afternoon on the 11^{th} .

Judge Lang has filed an official Complaint against me with the State Bar of Arizona as well. I fully accet the fact that it may have been unreasonable to assume the Motion to Continue would be Granted since the Attorney General's Office did not have an objection.

The Matter was rushed to injustice and my client, the Respondent, Jennifer Lynn Schulze was unable to provide any testimony, I was unable to interview the Investigator for the Department of Insurance, nor was I able to cross examine her following her testimony, nor was I allowed to call witnesses or present evidence which would support Ms. Schulze's unequivocable denial of the allegations that were wrongly brought, and which she now stands wrongly punished by and has lost her right to sell insurance without even the concept of Due Process or a Fair Hearing.

The Facts provide Basis for the Motion to be Granted pursuant to A.A.C. R20-6-114.B.

It is clear that Ms. Schulze was not provided a reasonable and fair opportunity to present a defense. Any blaim for the failure for the Respondent to appear in Court is my fault, not Ms. 2 Schulze's. Judge Lang has filed a Complaint with the State Bar of Arizona, which I believe is simply further evidence of her ill will and intent to further punish myself and my client. . 3 I reviewed my emails and phone logs and it is clear that Judge Lang denied the Motion and 4 held the Hearing and did not even attempt to contact me to determine if something had occurred 5 which prevented us from being present. She never even tried to find out where the Respondent and her attorney were, or if they were okay or had been in an accident. I live in Tucson and accidents 6 occur almost every day between Phoenix and Tucson. 7 None of this occurred, but she would not have known if it had. 8 I would like to have leave to provide additional information to this Motion and will do so. 9 Based on the fact that calling the witness, despite knowledge had the Respondent's attorney 10 had requested to interview and has every right to interview the Investigator and sole witness, Ms. Wendy Greenwood. This is highly irregular under A.C.C. R20-6-114.B.1. 11 The fact that an unopposed Motion was denied was an utter shock and surprise to me which 12 satisfies, A.A.C. R20-6-114.B.3. 13 Judge Lang's decision to hold the hearing in absentia, to issue a Ruling, to call the State Bar of 14 Arizona and file a Complaint against me, was an absolute abuse of the discretion we expect our Judges you to utilize appropriately. 15 16 17 18 DATED this _____day of OCTOBER, 2017. 19 20 PIG____ 21 Patrick J. Geare Attorney for Respondent 22 23 24 COPY of this Delivered Via Email attachment this 16th day of October, 2017, to: 25 mkosinski@azinsurance.gov 26 State of Arizona Department of Insurance 27 Ms. Mary Kosinksi Regulatory Legal Affairs 28

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Wary Kosinski

From: Sent:

Jennifer <schulj31@gmail.com> Monday, October 23, 2017 5:06 PM Mary Kosinski

To:

Subject:

Schulze matter

Attachments:

IMG_3151.jpg; ATT00001.txt; IMG_3150.jpg; ATT00002.txt; IMG_3152.jpg; ATT00003.txt; IMG_3153.jpg; ATT00004.txt

AFFIDAVIT OF JENNIFER L. SCHULZE

Comes now the affiant, Jennifer L. Schulze, and declares, states, and avows as follows:

I was employed by Club Del LLC for over a five year period of time, from April, 2009 to November 17, 2014. When I resigned in November 2014, I held the title of Vice President of APhoenix Tags and Title. I was no longer involved with the Nationwide Insurance Agency also owned by Club Del LLC. While I had the same employer, I moved physical office and relocated to a completely separate company.

I gave my resignation due to the constant sexual and verbal harassment I had endured by Mr. John DelBrocco during my tenure with Club Del LLC. During the first 3 years of my employment, Mr. DelBrocco made inappropriate statements that bothered me a great deal. Other employees witnessed the humiliation. The verbal abuse became systematic pressured sexual contact that lasted until my resignation. I have three children and felt I had no option other than to succumb to his desires so I could keep my job.

When I resigned on November 17, 2014, Mr. DelBrocco said he wanted me to take some time and think about my resignation. He told me to take an early Thanksgiving break and to return to talk with him the first week of December.

This was an extremely painful, stressful and anxiety filled period of time in my life because I was handling many of life's tough situations during this same time. My father passed away after a very long and tragic fight with Cancer in 2013. I was the sole person who cared for him in the last year of his life. At the same time my father was dying from Cancer, I was also caring for my grandmother, who was my Dad's mother. I was the sole child of my father. I lost my grandmother in August 2014.

I had separated from my husband of over 20 years in January 2014 and we had made the decision to move towards a divorce.

I also had serious health problems of my own, namely I was diagnosed with a very poor heart. I had a pacemaker installed on October 21, 2013, at the age of 43. Life was difficult and the last thing in the world I could afford was to be unemployed. Therefore, I took whatever came my way from Mr. DelBrocco.

Mr. Del Brocco had reduced my duties with insurance and had me start marketing for A Phoenix Tags and Title (which he owned) in January of 2014. I marketed and did deliveries for the Tags and Title company 3 1/2 days a week and accompanied him on appointments as his assistant the other 1 1/2 days a week.

With the added stress of that event and still having heart issues, in September, 2014, Mr. DelBrocco "promoted" me Vice President of A Phoenix Tags and Title and offered me some ownership. At that point I was full time marketing for A Phoenix Tags and Title.

I avow the email below was sent to me by John DelBrocco, the Managing member of Club Del LLC, on the date stated

From: John Delbrocco/AZ02107/NWAGENT

To: Jennifer L Schulze/AZ02107/NWAGENT@NWAGENT

cc: vincepga@yahoo.com

Sent on:09/01/2014 03:52:42 PM MST

Subject: Congratulations

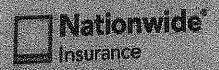
As you know, Club Del has been in a holding pattern with the insurance agency. We will be hiring two in house people with more of a service mentality hopefully this week.

The company wants and will grow through APhoenix Tags and Title. Therefore, I am excited to offer you the position as Vice President of Sales and Marketing for APhoenix. The position reports directly to Vince DelBrocco, the President., The transition will start on 9-2-2014 if you accept your new role. Congratulations again

Your salary will not change but now you will earn 20% commission on your new sales with APhoenix. Also, as a kicker, you will be able to earn some ownership within APhoenix as well.

I know you will be excited to move over, but we will need you to transition over the next two weeks. Therefore, tomorrow I will outline some of the items that I will need you to do before the move.

Please let me know if you accept this position by 9:00 am September the 2. 2014



John Del Brocco | President

The DelBrocco Agency.
18401 N. Cave Cross Road State 19, Phoenix, AZ 85024
5150 Spring Mountain Road State 11, Las Vegas, NV 89146
W802-863-1315 ext12 | C 602-320-9470 | F 602-404-5902
delbro(100nation/vide core

Due to the continued sexual and verbal harassment of Mr. DelBrocco, I gave my resignation. Mr. DelBrocco continued to harass me and my new employer until my employer helped and encouraged me to file a restraining order in February, 2015. Due to the changes and issues at the Superior Court with the constable and the office manager, the restraining order was not served which I was not made aware of until I tried to renew the order. During the time after I had resigned my position, Mr DelBrocco sent me 10's of 1,000s of prolific emails, informed me he purchased a gun and threatened me about speaking out regarding anything that had happened at the agency or anything he had done.

I had at the time of my resignation, filed a complaint with the Arizona Department of Insurance regarding policies being written under my license issued by the Nevada Department of Insurance by unlicensed staff, information on premiums being taken in Nevada and not being applied to clients policies but used for gambling, and continued activity under my log in and email while I was not actively working with the DelBrocco Agency.

The Arizona Department of Insurance acknowledged receiving the complaint and initiated what I thought would be an investigation into the utmost serious of legalities. Mr. delBrocco made a regular practice of directing his employees in the Las vegas Office to use premium payments deposited by clients to make bets and wagers on games that he would specify. The use of a license by a n unlicensed employee at the direction of Mr. delBrocco is also as serious as it gets in my mind. Nonetheless, the Investigator closed the investigation after being told by Mr. del Brocco that I was simply a disgruntled ex-employee. The same information was shared with Nationwide Insurance as well.

I had a recent surgery June 30, 2017, and was hospitalized briefly for respiratory failure on July 4, 2017. With my weakened condition, my doctor and I felt that it would further stress my system to try to relive the harassment and torture I had endured and has primarily caused the preliminary diagnosis of PTSD and depression, which I am still undergoing treatment for.

Mr. DelBrocco has continually offered me a job back. At the same time threatened me if I discussed or told anything to the Department about him. I fear for my life every day knowing he has purchased a gun and taken shooting lessons. I even moved to protect my self and my children, and Nationwide Insurance and the Department of Insurance gave him my new address. I still believe that if I move forward with disclosing any

Information regarding Mr. DelBrocco, he may retaliate and physically hurt me or worse.

All I ever asked was for my lawyer to be able to interview Wendt Greenwood, which he had informed the Arizona Attorney General of his intentions, to be able to call witnesses and testify on my own behalf, and to refute the false and baseless lies that were fraudulently acted upon by or at the direction of r. john DelBrocco.

I was never involved in any of the policies at issue. I had worked with WaterMasters for auto insurance, but not the policies at issue. This was all the doing of Mr. DelBrocco.

Jennifer L Schulze

STATE OF ARIZONA

)ss

County of Maricopa

SUBSCRIBED, SWORN TO AND ACKNOWLEDGED before me this 23th day of

October 2017

Notary Expiration Date

Notary Public Signature

Lesus Garde

Notary Printed Name



JESUS GARCIA Notary Public - Arizona Maricopa County My Comm. Expires Jan 18, 2020

Exhibit E Docket No. 16A-166-INS

STATE OF ARIZONA FILED

NOV 07 2017

1 MARK BRNOVICH Attorney General Firm Bar No. 14000

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE

3 Liane C. Kido

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Assistant Attorney General State Bar No. #023696

1275 West Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85007-2926 Telephone: (602) 542-8011 Facsimile: (602) 542-4377

7 Attorneys for Department of Insurance

BEFORE THE ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE

10 In the Matter of:

SCHULZE, JENNIFER LYNN, (National Producer Number 14428719) (Legacy AZ License Number 947425)

Respondent.

No. 16A-166-INS

DEPARTMENT'S RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR RE-HEARING and OBJECTION TO THE AFFIDAVIT OF JENNIFER L. SCHULZE

The Arizona Department of Insurance ("Department"), by and through undersigned counsel, hereby responds to Jennifer Lynn Schulze's ("Schulze" or "Respondent") Request for a Rehearing with the Interim Director of the Department of Insurance ("Request for Rehearing"). The Department requests that Schulze's motion be denied and the accompanying "Affidavit of Jennifer L. Schulze" be struck from the record. This Response and Objection are supported by the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities.

DATED this 7th day of November, 2017.

MARK BRNOVICH, Attorney General

BY: /s/ Liane C. Kido
Liane C. Kido
Assistant Attorney General
Attorneys for the Department

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. STATEMENT OF THE FACTS

On July 16, 2009, Respondent was issued an insurance producer license by the Department. See State's Exhibit 1. Respondent's license was active during all relevant times in this matter. Respondent was employed with The DelBrocco Agency from July 2009 through January 2015, when she resigned. See Exhibit 3.

Between January 21, 2014 through December 9, 2014, Respondent created eight (8)¹ falsified Certificates of Insurance stating that Watermasters Inc. ("Watermasters") possessed an active General Liability policy through Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company ("Nationwide") and provided those falsified Certificates of Insurance to Watermasters or clients or potential clients of Watermasters. See State's Exhibits 5-12.

After Respondent left the employment of The DelBrocco Agency, another employee of The DelBrocco Agency was attempting to locate the documentation for Watermasters' General Liability policy and was unable to find anything. The employee contacted Nationwide in a further attempt to locate documentation for Watermasters' General Liability policy. Nationwide found that there had never been a General Liability policy for Watermasters and launched an internal investigation into the matter. See State's Exhibit 3.

On April 30, 2015, a Nationwide investigator conducted a telephonic interview with Respondent. Respondent admitted that she never secured a General Liability insurance policy for Watermasters and she never informed Watermasters that the policy had not been secured. See State's Exhibit 15. Respondent also admitted to having a false Declaration of Insurance page ("Dec page") created, showing that Watermasters had a General Liability policy. See State's Exhibit 13 and 15. The false Dec page was sent by Respondent to a collection agency on behalf of Watermasters.

¹ Six (6) falsified Certificates of Insurance were found by Nationwide during its internal investigation, additional Certificates of Insurance were found during the Department's investigation.

Nationwide's investigation showed that the falsified Dec page had been created by altering a valid Dec page for another client of The DelBrocco Agency. See State's Exhibit 14.

On or around May 2016, Nationwide referred the matter to the Department.

The Department's investigation confirmed that Watermasters believed it had a General Liability insurance policy, though such coverage was never actually secured. In an email chain between The DelBrocco Agency and Paula Dousten, co-owner of Watermasters, Ms. Dousten confirmed that Respondent had been the agent assigned to Watermasters' account with The DelBrocco Agency and that Respondent had provided Watermasters with false Certificates of Insurance showing that Watermasters had a General Liability policy (See Exhibit 20):

- On July 1, 2015, Ms. Dousten wrote: "...I have provided the CLI² below that Jennifer Shultz [sic] provided our office. Jennifer assured us multiple times that we did indeed have the Commercial General Liability policy effective the same days as our Auto Liability and Inland Marine. This issue has been up in the air for two years all the while Jennifer assuring us that the GL was in tacked [sic]." Ms. Dousten attached a copy of one of the falsified Certificates of Insurance provided by Respondent, which is included as State's Exhibit 10.
- On July 30, 2015, Ms. Dousten wrote: "We would appreciate it if you would provide current contact information for Ms. Schulze. She is the person we dealt with in your office and if you have no records of our accounts prior to January 2015 we will certainly need to contact her. She cited a CGL policy number on the multiple COI's she issued. What [sic] that just a fabricated

² CLI is a Certificate of Liability Insurance, which is also referred to as a COI or Certificate of Insurance.

number or one that belonged to someone else? Perhaps she is the only one who can answer that."

On August 15, 2016, Respondent appeared for an Examination Under Oath ("EUO") with the Department. During the EUO, Respondent admitted that she had moved residences in December 2015 and failed to update the Department on the change to her residential address in writing within thirty (30) days, as required by statute.

II. PROCEDURAL HISTORY

On May 31, 2017, the Department issued its Notice of Hearing against Respondent Jennifer Lynn Schulze which set a hearing date of July 18, 2017. Respondent's attorney contacted the Department's attorney on or about July 5, 2017 to inform the Department that Respondent was represented.

On July 12, 2017, the Department filed its List of Witnesses and Exhibits, a copy of which was sent to Respondent's attorney.

On July 18, 2017, the date of the scheduled hearing, Respondent's attorney filed a Notice of Appearance with the Office of Administrative Hearings and a Motion to Continue the July 18, 2017 hearing. The Motion to Continue stated that the basis for the motion was a need for Respondent's attorney to review evidence and for Respondent's recovery from surgery less than four weeks prior to July 18, 2017. The Administrative Law Judge granted Respondent's Motion to Continue on July 18, 2017 and re-set the hearing date for August 24, 2017.

On July 21, 2017, the Department filed a Motion to Continue with the Office of Administrative Hearings because the Department's primary witness on the matter was scheduled to be out of the country on August 24, 2017. The Administrative Law Judge granted the Department's Motion to Continue and re-set the hearing for September 11, 2017 at 1:00 p.m.

On August 8, 2017, Respondent filed her "Answer to Allegations".

On September 1, 2017, the Department filed the Department's First Supplemental List of Witnesses and Exhibits, which reiterated the date of the scheduled hearing, September 11, 2017 at 1:00 p.m. A copy of the document was sent to Respondent via her attorney.

On September 8, 2017, Respondent electronically filed a Motion to Continue Hearing. The Motion to Continue stated that the basis for the motion was a need for Respondent to gather evidence, but did not provide an explanation as to why the evidence could not have been gathered earlier. Respondent apologized for the untimeliness of the motion, but did not provide information as to the reason for the untimeliness. Later that same day, the Administrative Law Judge issued an Order Denying Continuance for "no good cause appearing." The Order Denying Continuance was transmitted to the parties electronically.

On September 11, 2017, the scheduled hearing was convened after additional time was provided for Respondent to appear. The Administrative Law Judge checked with the receptionist and reviewed the file to see if Respondent had attempted to appear telephonically or had called in to report a delay in appearing due to traffic or other factors. The Administrative Law Judge did not find any messages or other attempted contact. The hearing was held; Respondent failed to appear.

On September 11, 2017, after the hearing was held and the record was closed, Respondent filed an "Emergency Request to Reconsider the Denial of the MTC." In the Emergency Request to Reconsider the Denial of the MTC, Respondent's attorney stated that he had assumed the September 11, 2017 Motion to Continue would be granted.

On September 11, 2017, the Administrative Law Judge issued a Minute Entry declining to re-set the hearing, stating that "Respondent's attorney has not established good cause for failing to appear at the hearing in this matter." The Minute Entry also noted that Respondent's motions of September 8 and 11, 2017 were both untimely "with no explanation or indication of any reason why they could not have been timely filed. Additionally, Respondent was granted an extended continuance for the same reason previously and had no

excuse for not preparing her case in the interim. ...What's more, as any licensed attorney is required to know, it is the responsibility of the attorney requesting the continuance to ensure that the continuance was granted and it is not excusable neglect to fail to do so, especially if the excuse is a failure to monitor one's own professional email."

On September 18, 2017, the Interim Director of the Arizona Department of Insurance issued her Order, revoking Respondent's Arizona resident insurance producer license. The Order adopted the Administrative Law Judge's Recommended Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law. The Administrative Law Judge's Recommended Conclusions of Law found that:

- Respondent violated A.R.S. § 20-295(A)(5) "[b]y issuing documentation indicating that her client was covered by an insurance policy that did not exist...";
- Respondent violated A.R.S. § 20-295(8) "[b]y allowing anyone to believe that an insurance policy had been accepted on her clients' behalf..."; and
- Respondent violated A.R.S. §§ 20-295(A)(2) and 20-286(C)(1) by failing to inform the Director to a change to her address within 30 days.

On September 25, 2017, Respondent's attorney sent an email to the Office of Administrative Hearings complaining that at the time of his communications with the Office of Administrative Hearings on September 11, 2017 at 3:22 p.m., he was not aware that the hearing had already occurred.

On September 26, 2017, the Administrative Law Judge issued a Minute Entry acknowledging receipt of the September 25, 2017 email to the Office of Administrative Hearings and stating that it "will not be considered because the record is closed and the matter has been referred to the Arizona Department of Insurance."

On October 16, 2017, Respondent filed a Request for Rehearing with the Interim Director of the Department of Insurance ("Request for Rehearing"). In the Request for

Rehearing, Respondent requested leave to supplement the Request for Rehearing. The Department granted leave to supplement the Request for Rehearing until October 23, 2017 and informed Respondent that if a supplemental filing was made, the Request for Rehearing would be considered received on the date of the supplemental filing.

On October 23, 2017, Respondent supplemented the Request for Rehearing with the Affidavit of Jennifer L. Schulze. The Department re-filed the Request for Rehearing, including the Affidavit of Jennifer L. Schulze, with a filing date of October 23, 2017.

III. STATEMENT OF THE ISSUES

- A. Respondent's Request for Rehearing alleges that Respondent "was not provided a reasonable and fair opportunity to present a defense" provides grounds for a rehearing under A.A.C. R20-6-114(B)(1).
- B. Respondent's alleges that the Department's calling of its witness, Department Investigator Wendy Greenwood, "despite knowledge had [sic] the Respondent's attorney had requested to interview and has every right to interview the Investigator..." provides grounds for a rehearing under A.A.C. R20-6-114(B)(1).
- C. Respondent alleges that the Administrative Law Judge abused her discretion by proceeding with the scheduled hearing when Respondent failed to appear.
- D. Respondent alleges that the denial of her untimely, September 8, 2017 Motion to Continue constitutes grounds for a rehearing under A.A.C. R20-6-114(B)(3).

IV. ARGUMENT

A. Respondent Was Provided With a Fair Hearing Under A.A.C. R20-6-114(B)(1).

The Department's Notice of Hearing was issued on May 31, 2017. The Minute Entry setting the hearing date for September 11, 2017, was issued on July 26, 2017. This means that Respondent was aware of the Department's case and the reasons for the proceedings for approximately three and a half months before the hearing date, giving her ample time to

prepare. Additionally, Respondent was notified of the hearing date a month and half in advance. A.R.S. § 41-1092.05(D) requires the Department serve notice on the opposing parties "at least thirty days before the hearing." Respondent had more than sufficient notice of the hearing date and has made no claims that she did not timely receive any of the mailings from the Department or the Office of Administrative Hearings.

The Department makes every effort to provide the opportunity for a fair hearing to parties, however it cannot force parties to avail themselves of that opportunity. Respondent was provided with a fair hearing, it is unfortunate that Respondent failed to appear for the hearing and take advantage of the opportunity to present her defense, but it does not provide grounds for a rehearing under A.A.C. R20-6-114(B)(1).

Respondent's attorney states in Respondent's Request for Rehearing, "Any blaim [sic] for the failure for the Respondent to appear in Court is my fault, not Ms. Schulze's. However, the Arizona Supreme Court has stated, "[u]nder the general rules of agency, which apply to the attorney-client relationship, the neglect of the attorney is equivalent to the neglect of the client himself when the attorney is acting within the scope of his authority." Panzino v. City of Phoenix, 196 Ariz. 442, 448 (2000); Balmer v. Gagnon, 19 Ariz. App. 55, 57 (1973).

In Panzino, Laura Panzino, the plaintiff in a personal injury matter, sought to reinstate her case after it had been dismissed on the defendants' motion due to misconduct by her attorney. Panzino's attorney had abandoned her case and through no fault of Panzino, her case was dismissed. While the Arizona Supreme Court was sympathetic to Panzino's position, it concluded that it could not disregard established interpretations of the law. The Arizona Supreme Court found that to do so would be illogical and "require [the Court] to ignore established principles of the law of agency; undermine the public policy favoring finality of judgments; and encourage neglectful lawyers to expand their improper behavior to abandonment. The relative benefit to weigh against those harms is slight." Panzino at 448.

In the matter at hand, Respondent was not abandoned by her attorney, but she is similarly requesting relief from an order due to the actions or inactions of her attorney. Respondent's failure to appear for the scheduled hearing, whether due to her own conduct or the conduct of her attorney does not constitute a deprivation of a fair hearing and does not provide grounds for a rehearing under A.A.C. R20-6-114(B)(1).

B. The Testimony of Ms. Wendy Greenwood Was Proper and Does Not Provide Grounds for Rehearing.

Respondent also alleges that it was improper and irregular for the Department's attorney to call Ms. Wendy Greenwood to testify because Respondent's attorney had requested by email to interview Ms. Greenwood. The Department had sent out its List of Witnesses and Exhibits on July 12, 2017, identifying Ms. Greenwood as its witness. Respondent's Request for Rehearing clearly states that the email requesting the interview of Ms. Greenwood was not sent until September 7, 2017, four days before the scheduled hearing.

Respondent never subpoenaed Ms. Greenwood nor did she or her attorney take any steps to timely arrange such an interview. There is no statute or rule which prohibits the Department's attorney from calling a witness at an administrative hearing whom the opposing party has not interviewed, nor does Respondent provide any citations or cases that support her position.

Ms. Greenwood testified in accordance with A.A.C R2-19-118. There was nothing irregular about having a Department Investigator testify at an administrative hearing.

The Department's calling of Ms. Greenwood was proper. Respondent's failure to prepare for a hearing despite having ample time, does not constitute a deprivation of a fair hearing and does not provide grounds for a rehearing under A.A.C. R20-6-114(B)(1) or (B)(2).

C. Proceeding With the Scheduled Hearing Was Not an Abuse of Discretion or Misconduct by the Hearing Officer.

A.A.C. R2-19-117 states, "[i]f a party fails to appear at a hearing, the administrative law judge may proceed with the presentation of evidence of the appearing party, or vacate the hearing and return the matter to the agency for any further action." The hearing officer ("hearing officer" or "Administrative Law Judge") was well within her authority to proceed with the scheduled hearing. The hearing officer even provided extra time to allow Respondent to appear, and checked for any possible messages or additional filings that would indicate that Respondent was unable to attend the hearing. The hearing officer found no messages or additional filings and therefore proceeded with the hearing.

Respondent failed to appear for the scheduled hearing and by doing so chose not to avail herself of the due process provided by the Department and the Office of Administrative Hearings. This is unfortunate, but it does not constitute misconduct or abuse of discretion by the hearing officer pursuant to R20-6-114(B)(2).

D. The Denial of Respondent's Motion to Continue Is Not an Accident or Surprise Which Could Not Be Prevented By Ordinary Prudence.

Respondent's Request for Rehearing admits that her attorney failed to calendar the September 11, 2017 hearing and did not realize this until September 7, 2017. Further, the Request for Hearing states that, "Judge Lang denied [Repondent's] unopposed Motion to Continue, on Friday, September 8, 2017... [Respondent's attorney] left to go camping with [his] dog on Friday September 8, 2017 and di [sic] not return to [his] home until 3 in the afternoon on the 11th."

Respondent's attorney failed to timely submit his Motion to Continue because he did not realize the hearing was scheduled for September 11, 2017 until September 7, 2017. Neither Respondent, nor Respondent's attorney, makes any claim that they were not given proper notice of the scheduled hearing. Failing to calendar a hearing does not constitute "accident or surprise which could not have been prevented by ordinary prudence."

The Administrative Law Judge issued the Minute Entry denying Respondent's Motion to Continue on the same day it was received. Respondent filed the Motion to Continue electronically and the Minute Entry denial was issued electronically. As stated in the Administrative Law Judge's September 11, 2017 Minute Entry denying Respondent's Emergency Request to Reconsider the Denial of the MTC, "...it is the responsibility of the attorney requesting a continuance to ensure that the continuance was granted and it is not excusable neglect to fail to do so, especially if the excuse is a failure to monitor one's own professional e-mail."

In fact, in Respondent's Emergency Request to Reconsider the Denial of the MTC, Respondent's attorney stated, "...I wrongly assumed that any Motion to Continue, which [Attorney for the Department] did not oppose as a Party [sic], would not be opposed by the trier of fact. My deepest apologies, as I see how arrogant this assumption is."

It is clear from Respondent's filings that her attorney filed the September 8, 2017 Motion to Continue and did not bother to check whether or not the motion had been granted until two (2) hours after the hearing was scheduled to begin.

Respondent's attorney states in Respondent's Request for Rehearing, "[t]he fact that the unopposed Motion [to Continue] was denied was an utter shock and surprise to me which satisfies, A.A.C. R20-6-114.B.3." This is not the standard for satisfying A.A.C. R20-6-114(B)(3).

A.A.C. R20-6-114(B)(3) allows for a rehearing if there has been an "[a]ccident or surprise which could not have been prevented by ordinary prudence." Failing to calendar a hearing and failing to verify whether a motion has been granted before deciding not to appear for a hearing are both situations which can be prevented by ordinary prudence.

While the Department is sympathetic to Respondent's position, as in *Panzino*, the attorney-client relationship is governed by established principles of agency and "the neglect of the attorney is equivalent to the neglect of the client himself when the attorney is acting

within the scope of his authority." Panzino at 448.

Respondent's failure to verify that the September 8, 2017 Motion to Continue was granted and choice to not appear at the hearing is not an accident or surprise which could not have been prevented by ordinary prudence and does not provide grounds to grant a rehearing under A.A.C. R20-6-114(B)(3).

V. OBJECTION TO THE AFFIDAVIT OF JENNIFER L. SCHULZE

On October 23, 2017, Respondent supplemented her Request for Rehearing with the Affidavit of Jennifer L. Schulze ("Affidavit"). The Affidavit contains Respondent's testimony. This is improper.

The appropriate time for Respondent's testimony to be entered into the record was at the hearing on September 11, 2011. The record in the matter has been closed.

Respondent's Affidavit amounts to the submission of direct testimony without granting the Department the opportunity to cross-examine Respondent. Respondent complains of her inability to cross-examine the Department's witness, and yet Respondent attempts to improperly submit testimony that the Department is unable to cross-examine. Importantly, Respondent was provided with the opportunity at hearing to cross-examine the Department's witness and to provide her own testimony, but chose to not attend the scheduled hearing and therefore chose to not cross-examine the Department's witness or give testimony which would be subject to cross-examination. The Affidavit is an attempt to circumvent the rules of hearing and to deprive the Department of procedural due process.

A.A.C. R20-11-114(E) does allow for affidavits in support of a request for rehearing, however such affidavits are intended to support the request for rehearing, not to enter evidence that was available at the time of the hearing, but not presented. Respondent does not state anything in her Affidavit that falls under the enumerated categories for granting a rehearing.

The Affidavit should be struck from the record as improper testimony.

VI. 1 CONCLUSION 2 Respondent has not established the requisite grounds upon which rehearing may be 3 properly granted, pursuant to A.A.C. R20-6-114(B) and (C). A rehearing in this matter 4 would be inappropriate. Therefore, the Department respectfully requests that Respondent's 5 Affidavit be struck from the record and Respondent's Request for Rehearing be denied. 6 RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this day of October, 2017. 7 MARK BRNOVICH, Attorney General 8 /s/ Liane C. Kido Liane C. Kido BY: 9 Assistant Attorney General 10 Attorneys for the Department of Insurance 11 12 FILED via electronic mail this day of November, 2017, with: 13 Leslie Hess, Interim Director 14 Arizona Department of Insurance 15 COPY of the foregoing sent electronically 16 and mailed same date to: 17 Patrick J. Geare 18 Law Office of Patrick J. Geare 4731 E. Scarlett 19 Tucson, AZ 85711 patgeare@cox.net 20 Attorney for Respondent 21 22 /s/ Teresa Carranza 6321305 23 24 25

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